

Bow Island Review

THE HOME PAPER FOR ALL

Circulating in the Districts of:- Pleasant View,
Seven Persons, Whitla, Winnifred, Bow Island, Grassy Lake, Foremost and Maleb

Also Publishers of the **BURDETT REVIEW** Circulating in Burdett and Districts

Our Mottoes are:—"Live and Let Live"—and—"One Good Turn Deserves Another"

The Ratepayers Like To See Those "Minutes," which the "Review," Prints "Free of Charge" for any Municipality that Gives the Review" its "Printing Orders."

TWELFTH YEAR

BOW ISLAND ALBERTA

FRIDAY DECEMBER 15 1922

SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 A YEAR

The Majority of Our Circulation is in the Organized Municipal Districts

Neilson's and Moir's Chocolates For Christmas.

Fancy Box priced from 50c. to \$7.00
Bulk Chocolates 60c. to 80c. per lb.

Cigars

Box of 10 s. from 90c. up to \$1.50
Box of 25s. from \$2.50 up to \$3.50

Cigars are Packed in Xmas Boxes

**A. E. BROWNING
BAKER**

MAIN STREET -- BOW ISLAND

Bow Island News

NOTICE

Only 15 Days more to Save
50 cents on every \$2.00 Sub-
scription to the Review.
Pay Now and Get the 50 cent
Coupon and Save Money

Curling

The first Curling of the season
started on Wednesday, the 13th.

E. Willmott 14 C. Dick 4
J. Reid 16 F. Henderson 5
H. Roach 15 E. Anderson 6
C. Bateman 10 E. Anderson 6

The Ladies Curling Club held a suc-
cessful winter drive and dance last
Thursday evening, the large crowd
attending report a excellent time.
Mr. Tunstall won the scarf raffish by
Mrs. Potter, No. 41 was the lucky No.

Mr. Frank Harrison of the Gun Camp
left on Monday night for Leamington
Ontario, to spend the winter with his
parents

CHRISTMAS SALE

Home Made Candy

Afternoon Tea

Fish Pond for the children

in G.W.V.A. Hall

Saturday afternoon Dec. 16th.

Opening at 3 o'clock

All Saints Ladies' Aid

Mr. M. Whitney is, staying at

the farm of Mr. and Mrs. A. Whitney

with the boys during the latter

absence, Mr. and Mrs. A. Whitney

have gone to B.C. expecting to be

away all winter

Everyone is very glad to see Mr. N.

Walkwork out on the streets again,

and hope he keeps his good health

Bazaar and Box Social At Felts

The Ladies' Altar Society of the
Sacred Heart Irish, are holding a
Bazaar and Box Social in connection
with the School Entertainment at
Felts School District on
Wednesday evening Dec. 20th.
Everybody Welcome

The All Saints Ladies' Aid will
decorate the G. W. V. A. Hall this
afternoon Friday the 15th, ready for
the sale on Saturday afternoon 16th.
December, the ladies will meet with
Mrs. Riddsdale at 8 p.m. TONIGHT
and will hold a short meeting first
and then prepare the Articles ready for
the sale to-morrow Saturday the 16th.

The noon West bound passenger
train broke down at Winnifred yester-
day Thursday, and arrived here two
hours late, the Pusher engine took it
to Lethbridge

We are sorry to hear that Mrs. Bob
Westland is under the doctor's care
her sister Mrs. Speirs is staying with
her, we sincerely hope she will soon be
better again

Mr. Ed. Willmott and Mr. Ernie Gas
returned last Tuesday

Mr. Del Burshan has purchased
Mr. Hopkins' piano

If in Doubt about what to buy for
a Xmas present just drop in and
see what they have at

McDonough & Co.
Main Street -- Bow Island

Mr. Weeks was a business visitor to
Lethbridge on Monday

Rev. T. Danielson left on Tuesday
night for Medicine Hat

The big crowd attending the A.O.H.
dance last Saturday report a jolly time

Mr. Pete Peterson and daughter
returned home last Monday

Miss Rose Hesie spent last Saturday
in Lethbridge

Good Things for Xmas

I have a good supply of good things
to eat at home, such as Jay Oranges,
Large Oranges, Grapes, Apples, Dates,
Figs, Candy, Nuts, also all ingredients
for that Xmas Cake and Plum Pudding
if you are in need of anything give me
a call, I am sure you will be well satis-
fied with both quality and Price
HOPKINSON'S General Store
Main Street--Bow Island

The Hand Writing On The Wall

Are our statesmen so blind, that
they cannot see the ominous under-
current that is all around, it is the
"Hand writing on the Wall"

And yet they would flood
this country with huge waves of
immigrants instead of lessening
the Pains Struggles to make this a better
country to live in for those already
here, by irrigating our Drought Areas
and using their brains to Utilize and
make Markets for the many and enor-
mous Natural Resources of Canada,
such as Coal, Minerals of all kinds,
Natural Gas, Timber Lands, Etc. in-
stead of letting some of them to remain
idle or to let other great Resources
pass into the power and possession of
the "favored few" instead of for the
benefit of all

Only a few months ago, attention
was drawn in some of our Daily and
Weekly Newspapers, to an immensely
valuable Gas going to Waste, Millions
of Dollars have been already Lost, for
want of Action on the part of those
in Power--this Gas is called Helium
Gas

Scientists tell us that there are
Millions of Dollars worth of Helium
Gas--and we look around us and see
many in Need and some in Want, and
yet this Gas is allowed to escape us.
Why couldn't it be saved and the
money it brought in, be used to
alleviate distress among the people

Many of those intended Immigrants
will get sick of it and move away--
and those that stay will "Demand a
Living" and are likely to give a "rude
Jolt and awakening" to those who
were so well satisfied with themselves
that they would not or could not see
far enough to perceive "The rocks
ahead"

We must not shut our eyes to the
"Demand for a Living" of millions of
workers besides the farmers; for in-
stance, we may order our goods from
the "Mail Order Houses" but it takes
the Railwaymen to bring these goods
to our Stations for us, and so the
dependency of man upon man, is short
all the way through, so all Workers
have a "Right to a Living"

As regards this intended huge wave
of Immigration to Canada the "Review"
would like to be able to print the
Opinion of

Mr. M. F. Finn
the well known leader headed, com-
petent and splendid Leader of Labor, to
whose clear and able judgment,
many people pin their faith.

"Mr. Finn might tell us what effect"
this Immigration Wave of Unemploy-
ed into Canada will have on our own
Unemployed Mine Workers, Brickmen
and other workers on the Railways
drawing money from us on Old Pensions
with long intervals between; City
Employees of many kinds, and many
other Classes and Trades of Unem-
ployed; Farmers getting discouraged
over repeated Crop Failures with an
unlucrative scheme for irrigating the
Drought Stricken Areas and many
Complex Problems that will be affected
by this huge Immigration Wave?

We believe the best way is to help
our people that are already here to
make an ordinary Living before we
start a Flood of Immigration,

We do not ask for Wealth but we do
ask and need a living the same as the
intended Immigrants or else your
intended Immigrants will soon drift to that
great nation to the South or become
a burden here

Last week we read an Editorial in
the "C.E.A." to which we heartily
agree, here is the Editorial:

EDITORIAL

Speaking in Toronto a few days ago,
Sir Andrew McPhail, of McGill Uni-
versity, made a vigorous protest
against the launching at this time of
any extensive immigration or coloniza-
tion campaign by the Dominion
Government. "I suggest," he said,
referring to the Government, "that
you put a little less stress on the
policy of immigration until you are
quite sure you can keep the human
elements you pay for." He pointed out
that in the last ten years Canada had
lost numbers equal to all the immi-
grants who have come in during that
period, and that "more than 200,000 of
our own have gone," and he concluded
with the very definite warning, "The
people of Canada cannot save them-
selves by the process of immigration
any more than could the Romans by
their system of slavery. The truth is
the former cannot afford to pay for
the machinery the manufacturers
make, and he is everywhere coming
back to much simpler ways of doing
things"

Sir Andrew McPhail is always
morally courageous, and in this matter
of immigration he is right, although
his utterance is in direct conflict with
the statements which are being made
from day to day by some of our promi-
nent Canadians who never tire of
repeating the latest slogan, which has
superseded the now discarded "great
or production" formula for prosperity,
and can even be heard about the
dual cry of "economize" or "recon-
sume" say

Mr. Andrew's address was a welcome
and much needed appeal for a return
to sanity, but within a few hours of
this wise pronouncement, the Canadian
public was being regaled with the
following statement made by Col. J.
Olied Smith, Dominion Immigration
Agent, as the colonel boarded the
Empress of Britain at Quebec, en
route for Europe: "I am carrying
back an appropriation for immigration
We intend to launch a tutoring campaign
widespread distributing publicity to a
dozen newspapers every week.
Between now and the end of March
there will be an intensive campaign
in progress. We expect the spring to
bring the tangible results. We intend
to extend our scope to include Beas,
Ireland, Holland, Belgium, France and
Switzerland."

This is the policy of the Canadian
Government, as announced through
their principal agent. It seems some-
what bizarre. The avowed object of
this ill-considered campaign is to bring
more people to help us to pay our
taxes. We suggest the following
proposition to the Government:--If the
existing agricultural settlers cannot
carry on business at a profit, how long
will the new settlers require to make

Drug Store Service by Mail

MAIL ORDER SHOPPING with us is
just the same as if you were here in
person

SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED or money
cheerfully refunded.

SEND US your orders for all your requirements
in the Drug or Stationery Line

The Pingle Drug & Book Company

Medicine Hat

Alberta

enough money to pay off the national
Debt?"

The Review thinks that
this proposed Flood of Immigration
will cause a false Prosperity for a
time but it will die away as soon as
the reserve money of the Immigrants
is all spent and then our Labor
Markets will be made worse than ever,
in fact, absolutely swamped by the
despairing attempts of those immi-
grants to get work to save themselves
from starvation -- the reader can
picture with dismay the time when
ten or twenty men will be applying
for jobs where only one man is wanted
and our last state will be worse than
the first state we were in" and one
effect will certainly be to make "Cheap
Labor for the Capitalists, is that what
they want? but do we want it?

If they are going to watch over and
guide the intended new Immigrants,
why on Earth don't they do as much
for the people already settled here,
and let the money they would spend
in this new Immigration Scheme be
expended instead on the people
who may be in Need of it already here,
if they did that, then it would go a
long way to make this country a good
place to live in?

It behoves the men that assume the
office as Leaders in the Government,
to take early heed and to guide their
actions wisely and well and for the
Real and Best Interests of the People
and they will do so before it is too
late, if they are really anxious to do
what is right and if they are wise
enough to read the inner and deeper
meaning of the

Hand Writing on the Wall

Early Closing By-Law Is Passed

The Early Closing By-law came up
for its third reading on Friday even-
ing at the Bow Island town council
meeting, On being put it was carried
by this By-law all stores must
close at 6 o'clock on Saturday nights
and at 6 o'clock other nights.
Restaurants carrying a stock of canned
goods, fruit, sugar, dry goods etc.
must not sell such things after hours
or they will be found guilty of break-
ing the law

NOTICE

Only 7 more Shopping Days
before Christmas--Don't Forget
to Buy those Greeting Cards
now, to send to your Friends
and Relatives, so that they get
them on Christmas morning.
Come and See the New Samples
at the Review Office
Bow Island

Where Is Our Natural Resource?

Lethbridge, Medicine Hat and also
Redcliff are having their own troubles
these days, over the grabbing and
the distribution of Natural Gas
by the big corporations--poor Bow
Island, that once seemed to have the
brightest of futures in having as its
Natural inheritance some of the
biggest Natural Gas Wells in the world
but its inheritance has disappeared
through its Gas being pumped away
by the big corporations to supply dis-
tant towns and cities and now that
the supply has been practically drawn
out, we are left like an empty shell to
dimly survey the wreck

In our opinion that does Not seem
Right, nor is it "Right," for we are
exactly in the same position as the
Pacific Provinces who have no share
in this new Immigration Scheme
for the return of their Natural Resources
from the Dominion Government and with
their Claiming they are taking good care
to Demand Compensation for
Resources that have been Alienated
from them by the Dominion Govern-
ment in the past

Acting on the very same principles
which these Provinces say "Is Right",
then Bow Island should be Compensated
for the taking away of its huge
"Natural Resource" for what is
"Right" will make set of People must
be "Right for another set of people

We have always heard that "What
is Sausage for the Goose is Sausage for
the Gander"

For with that huge Natural Resource
Bow Island could have had large Manu-
factures located here which would
have brought a huge revenue to Bow
Island, now we have lost all that Re-
venue but is Bow Island, like the Prov-
inces, to be allowed Compensation for
the Alienation of that Natural
Resource?

But who is in power, so noble mind-
ed as to do that without the induc-
ment to them of added gain, or prob-
ably? Perhaps there are some, perhaps
we have "been entertaining Angels
unawares,"? but the People will see.

It is reported that the Canadian
Western Natural Gas, Light, Heat and
Power Corporation, will try to get
the Legislature to set aside the Leth-
bridge Franchise and the Lethbridge
people are pretty mad about it

SMOKE

in
1/2 lb
tins

and
15¢
pkts.

WILLIAMSON
TOBACCO CO.
TORONTO, CANADA

WILLIAMSON
TOBACCO CO.
TORONTO, CANADA

The Tobacco of Quality

Will Immigration Benefit Or Hurt?

It is in the best interests of Canada that a new and far-reaching policy in regard to immigration be adopted and that vigorous action be taken to encourage a large influx of new settlers.

Or does Canada's interests rather lie in the direction of advertising to the world that it does not particularly welcome newcomers, and instead of facilitating immigration, erect even higher barriers against, and impose greater restrictions upon, the entry of people from "foreign countries?"

People in Canada are divided into two groups on this important subject of immigration, with one group supporting the view set forth in the first paragraph above, and the other group advocating the policy outlined in the second paragraph.

Generally speaking, organized labor is outspoken against any really effective policy, and in this the action taken has the support of clerks, small retail men and women, laborers, etc. On the other hand, all the transportation, financial, manufacturing and commercial interests are quite positive in declaring that if Canada is to grow and prosper it must abandon its policy of indifference, if it does not positively encourage immigration.

Are these opposing schools of thought on this question both actuated by nothing but selfishness, each considering their own particular interests only, and giving no consideration to the interests of others or the welfare of the country as a whole? Or is each of them honestly convinced of the soundness of the position they take? Or are such radically different and antagonistic opinions the result of honest convictions resulting from the divergent points of view from which the question is approached?

For example, is the artisan now in employment opposed to immigration because of a belief that with the increasing of more people his employment would be endangered, or is he in danger of being lowered? And the man who is at present out of employment, is he fearful that increasing immigration might get the work he hopes to secure, or is he willing to work hard to swell the army of the unemployed and thus accentuate the difficulties under which he is at present laboring? In other words, are they thinking of the immediate present without taking a look forward to the permanent remedy of existing adverse conditions?

Are the transportation, financial, manufacturing and commercial interests thinking only of securing through immigration a larger body of men and women out of which they can select the employees they need, and, because of the larger number, at lower wages than now prevail? Is the farmer, who, as a rule, favors an energetic immigration policy, merely looking for a hired man or a domestic? Or are these farmers and organized business interests really thinking and planning for more than the immediate present and seeking a solution of a situation which is now more or less stagnant?

It should not be considered surprising if a man is so weak to safeguard the position he now has, nor retain the standard of wages he now receives; it is not surprising for the man out of employment to take a stand for conditions which he believes will result in the development of more business for the transportation system, or factories, and commercial houses, will at the same time work no less hard to secure employment, and will create conditions resulting in the provision of work, not only for those who may come to Canada, but for all those now here, willing and anxious to get work.

It is the belief of the writer of the articles on the subject of immigration now appearing in this column from week to week that there is a satisfactory answer to this question. In fact, it has been proven by past experience not only in Canada, but in other countries, that the immigrants who have been already referred to are not antagonistic in reality although from a superficial glance they may appear so. But in view of the seeming antagonism it requires men of vision and courage to put required legislation into effect and develop that thoroughly businesslike administration which will bring about the result to be desired.

Better Times In Store

Corn Crop to Set the Wheels of Commerce in Motion

In their survey of conditions, A. E. Ames & Co., a well-known Canadian financial house says: "Our grain will equal, if not surpass, the previous records. The marketing of grain and other agricultural products will set in motion this year a golden stream of trade that is estimated at approximately \$2,000,000,000. Better times are undoubtedly in store for every province of our continental empire. The betterment is bound to find its time in the producer, the retailer, wholesaler, manufacturer, and likewise our railroads and national enterprises."

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA,
GOUT, RHEUMATISM,
GRAVEL, CALCULI,
AND ALL THE URINARY AFFECTIONS
CURED BY
DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

A Prosperous Nation

Future Well-Being of the Dominion Is Assured

The truth is that Canada is a cozy corner of the world. We have our problems, and they are not light, but, compared with the difficulties of other nations, they are as nothing. In the light of the achievements of the past eight years, they cannot impose fear.

All that we require is reasonable manly. If we can but guard against the intoxication which threatened us with wreckage, in pre-war days, can adhere to realities and cut our financial coat to suit our financial cloth, our future prosperity is assured.—Ottawa Journal.

Man vs. Woman

A well-known literary man has been asked to propose the toast of Beautiful Woman.

He spoke with palming, cold, consideration—a rather dangerous thing to do.

When he sat down the toastmaster called upon a dainty little lady to answer by proposing the toast of Mere Man.

She arose and began demurely:—
"Ladies and gentlemen: Man is but clay in the hands of a woman—and she generally makes a mug of him!"

W. N. U. 1148

France Will Honor Taxicab War Fleet

Placing Most Dilapidated Marine Veteran in Invalids Museum

"The Veterans of the Marne," that fleet of old-fashioned, infirm, two-wheeled taxicabs that have been haunting the streets of Paris for seventeen years are to be signally honored by the Ministry of War for the decisive part they played in the historic battle which saved Paris.

The oldest, most dilapidated taxi to be solemnly honored by a body of veteran chauffeurs to the Invalides war museum, where it will be given a prominent place among the relics of the war. These ancient red cabs, which are regarded by visiting Americans as great curiosities, still rush around Paris day and night in rain or shine, at breakneck speed, their progress being marked by a ferocious rattle, but they are rapidly being replaced by modern cars.

It was in these machines that, at the critical stage of the battle of the Marne, Gen. Gallieni sent 4,000 taxi troops from Paris almost to the actual fighting area, where the French left wing was seriously threatened. The chauffeurs, who were all too old to fight, were conscripted as they drove along the streets. Their passengers were ordered out and at least five soldiers were put aboard each cab and started for the front. The taxis drove day and night for two days and nights, supplying food trucks to stop the German drive on the capital.

Sciatica's Pain Relieved Quickly By Nerveine

In bringing quick relief to the Sciatic sufferer, the best remedy is frequent applications of Nerveine. This medicine penetrates deeply, every nerve is soothed and the pain goes away. Wherever there is Sciatica, Nerveine, Lumbago or Muscular Pain, the quickest relief always comes from the use of Nerveine. See all dealers.

Head-Scratching a Riddle
Phrenologists have never satisfactorily solved the riddle of the face that when a man is puzzled he scratches his head.

GUARD THE CHILDREN FROM AUTUMN COLDS

The year for the most severe season of the cold and wet, and unless the mother is on her guard, her little ones are sure to catch cold. Baby's Own Tablets are mother's best friend in preventing or banishing colds. They act as a gentle laxative, loosen the bowels and stomach and sweeten. An occasional dose of the Tablets will prevent colds, or if it does come on suddenly they will relieve the baby. The Tablets are sold by all drug stores or by mail at 25 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Burners—celebrate the new year by turning water on each other and also on poverty.

Simple and Sure—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the instructions. Used as a liniment, the only direction is to rub, and when used as a dressing to apply. The directions are so plain and reasonable that they are readily understood by young or old.

The trouble with the average voter is that it is some other fellow publishes his ideas before he has time to think of them.

SASKATCHEWAN WOMAN RECOVERS

Found Health by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Melval, Saskatchewan—"I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised for women's troubles and when a friend recommended it to me I tried it and it has done me good. I was in the worst of health when I have been taking it that I feel like a different woman now. I then I recommended your Vegetable Compound as much as I can and you may use my letter as a testimonial."

Mrs. Wm. J. Thomas, Melval, Saskatchewan. These letters recommending Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound ought to convince women of the great worth of this medicine in the treatment of ailments to which they are often subjected.

Mrs. Thomas writes that she is a different woman now. If you are suffering from trouble women's troubles, have or feel all run down, without any ambition or energy, for your regular work, take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it will do you good. It should be your aim to have Mrs. Thomas' and make her health your own. This medicine has been helping sick women nearly fifty years—surely a long record of service.

ROYAL CAKES MAKE PERFECT BREAD

For many years physicians have prescribed yeast for the correction of certain physical disorders, such as boils, constipation, pimples and intestinal troubles. Royal Yeast Cakes are rich in vitamins and serve to tone up the blood. Royal Yeast Cakes are on sale in practically every grocery store. Send name and address for free copy "Royal Yeast Cakes for Better Health."

W. GILBERT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, CANADA
MADE IN CANADA

Grows Figs In Ontario

Hamilton Man Says Figs Can Be Grown for Commercial Purposes in Canada

Upon results which have attended his experiments for the past two years, J. H. Fleet, of Hamilton, has come to the conclusion that figs can be grown for commercial purposes in Canada. Mr. Fleet, a well-known organizer for the American Federation of Labor, has grown a second crop of figs to support this claim.

"During the war I planted a fig tree and gave it no more attention. By last year the tree was six or seven feet high and yielded a crop of figs," he says. "The figs were larger than any I have seen in the United States, even the most southern parts, and they were perfect for domestic purposes."

Dyed A Sweater And Skirt With Diamond Dyes

Every "Diamond Dyes" package tells how to dye or tint any worn, faded garment or drapery a new rich color that will stand fast, fade, or run. Perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with Diamond Dyes even if you have never dyed before. Just tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, whether it is linen, cotton, or mixed goods. For Fast Colors, the Diamond Dyes are sold by all druggists, paint stores, and other dealers.

B.C. Lumber Industry

Payroll for Lumber Industry in Province Will Run Over Twenty Millions

British Columbia's payroll for the lumber industry in 1922 will run over \$20,000,000, according to officials of the Provincial government, who have based their calculations on returns from 523 firms, whose statistics show that in 1921 the payroll amounted to \$18,189,862, with an average number of wage earners of 14,500. The general resumption of building operations, followed by an increasing demand for lumber, has had the result this year of speeding up the industry. Many plants that were idle have resumed operations, and even those which kept going all the time through 1921 have increased their staffs. It is confidently expected that this year will show a big increase over 1921, and the \$20,000,000 mark is said to be on the conservative side.

An Atmospheric Defect

Lock of Moisture Detrimental to Both Plants and Humans
The drying up of the tips of leaves of house plants is a sign of scant moisture in the atmosphere. This is quite common trouble during the winter in steam-heated buildings. One of the plants which will most quickly show this trouble is the ornamental asparagus, asparagus plumosus, or "feather asparagus." It is often wrongly named. It is well to remember also that such an atmospheric condition is detrimental to the health of people, and that where it prevails it would be wise to provide some means of evaporating or otherwise increasing humidity.

During the American Civil War 20,154 Union and 30,152 Confederate soldiers died prisoners of war.

Miranda's Liniment For Colds, Etc.

Many Queer Animals For New York Zoo

Strange Creatures Found in Santa Domingo By Dr. Noble

Frogs that bark like dogs, equal in size and are born from instead of tadpoles were discovered in the jungles of the Island of Santo Domingo by Dr. and Mrs. G. Kingsley Noble of the American Museum of Natural History, New York, who have just returned from a three-months expedition through the island.

And just to prove that the frog with the dog-like voice is not a tropical dream, they brought several live specimens with them and have them in the museum at 77th Street and Central Park West. Details of the successful expedition were made known recently.

Then too they brought back giant tree frogs, the largest known in a room on the second floor of the museum building. And more descriptive one would be "poison ivy." When touched they exude a milky substance that irritates the hands and causes inflammation similar to poison ivy.

Rhinoceros Ignoras that look like direct, pocket edition descendants of the prehistoric dinosaurs also came along in cages, and they also about in a room on the second floor of the museum building. The Nobles went to Santo Domingo in July. They traversed the whole island. Dr. Noble is in charge of the Reptile Department of the Museum and Mrs. Noble holds an official position there.

PUTS ON 20 POUNDS AND FEELS FINE

"Tanlac and I are old friends. I took it when I first came out and have used it off and on as a tonic, then, and I always keep it." This statement was made recently by Robert J. Moore, highly respected and widely known former of Regina, Saskatchewan, on N. Albert St. Mr. Moore is also well known at Regina, where he was farming before coming to Regina.

"When I first took Tanlac," he said, "I was not what you would call delicate, and I certainly was in fairly good shape. I knew I had to have some tonic to make me get well, and so I decided on this medicine. I was all run-down and suffering from rheumatic pains that often made me shout 'Woe and pain!' and I was not able to do any work. My stomach wasn't acting right, either, and my appetite kept falling off. Sometimes my food would disagree with me, and I had a considerable suffering."

Reading about Tanlac in the Regina papers started me taking it, and it put an end to my trouble quickly. I went up twenty pounds in weight, I haven't had a trace of rheumatism since, and I feel like a new man. I unhesitatingly recommend Tanlac to anyone."

Tanlac is sold by all good druggists.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXCURSION TO EASTERN CANADA

The Canadian Pacific Railway is offering a rate for travel indulged in their round-trip excursion fares to Eastern Canada, which will be on sale December 1st and daily until January 5, 1923.

These fares will apply from all stations in Manitoba (Winnipeg and West), Saskatchewan and Alberta to all Eastern Canadian points, and bear a final return limit of three months. Tickets will be first-class and good in standard or tourist sleeping cars on payment of the regular berth charge.

Two fine Canadian Pacific trains will operate for the East, the "Imperial" at 8:00 a.m. for Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec and points in the Maritime provinces; the "Toronto Express" at 8:00 a.m. for Toronto, Hamilton, London and all central and Western Ontario points.—Adv. B.22

It is said that the name, "Loree Chestnut," was derived from the fact that when the leaves of the tree fall there is a scar left on the twig in the shape of a horseshoe like the marks resembling the nails of a shoe.

Never varies—Always the same fine flavor and freshness of taste—Do you wonder so many people use it?

TEA 'is good tea'

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 23 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Many "Bayer" boxes of 10 tablets—Also boxes of 24 and 100—Druggists. Answer to the trade mark registered in Canada by Bayer Manufacturing of Solms, Germany, to protect the public against imitations, the Tablets of "Bayer Company" will be stamped with their general trade name, the "Bayer Cross."

Several Lives Lost When Fire Destroys St. Boniface College

Winipeg—Ten lives are believed to have been lost, a score of students were injured, none fatally, and damage amounting to \$100,000 caused in the disastrous fire which early Saturday morning destroyed St. Boniface College, the institution conducted by Jesuit fathers in the city of St. Boniface.

The body of one unidentified boy has been recovered, as well as small pieces of bones, which, according to Dr. N. A. Laurendeau, mayor and coroner, were found to warrant the supposition that there were two bodies in the ruins at the point where they were discovered.

Three Regina boys are in the hospital as a result of the fire, but all are expected to be out in a few days. They are Leonard Kusch, 2219 Broad Street; Wilfred Kusch, and Erick Kusch, Frank Giesler, of Vithak, Sask., is suffering from cuts.

Now the fire originated is still in doubt, but the Rev. Rev. H. Bourque, declares he was awakened a few minutes before 2 o'clock by some loud noise, which was ascribed to an explosion, and when he stepped out of his room on the main floor, he found the eastern section of the building burning and full of smoke, so that he was unable to reach the telephone in the front lobby and had to arouse the house by a handbell and electric gong. The rest of the faculty responded, securing the dormitories to arouse the sleeping students.

The injuries received by students and members of the faculty in jumping from upper windows, consisted of bruises, cuts and some minor fractures. The more serious cases were rushed to the St. Boniface hospital.

The list of missing, furnished by Rev. Father Lacouture, prefect of studies and discipline, is as follows: Rev. Brother Scurme, 48, infirmary.

Lawrence Luce, 15, Winipeg; Wm. A. McElroy, 15, St. Boniface; John A. McElroy, 5, Winipeg; Leopold Tremblay, 15, St. Boniface; Henry Pelletier, 15, Winipeg; Joseph Duquette, 16, Whitewater.

Miss C. Vanier, 15, St. Boniface; Lionel Bourville, 16, St. Boniface; Oliva Lafrech, 16, St. Charles, Man.

Joseph Gilbert, 16, Maripolus, Man. In addition to the foregoing, the police of St. Boniface have been informed that a boy named Curran, aged 12, living at Laval, Man., has not been seen since the fire.

Rev. J. Follon, Superior-General of the Jesuit Order for Canada, who was en route to Montreal when he received word that the college was destroyed, returned here and was informed by the priests, according to a statement he made to the Canadian Press, that the Rector, Prefect and other members of the staff had done their utmost, heroically standing by their posts in the dark, as the fire had destroyed the electric wires entering the building. The dormitories were full of smoke and it was impossible to enter them, and all that could be done

was to direct those emerging from the dormitories to the fire escape available at the south side.

THREE NATIONS STILL OUTSIDE OF LEAGUE

GERMANY, RUSSIA AND UNITED STATES STILL HOLDING BACK

Montreal—Russia, the United States and Germany, are the only three nations not yet members of the League of Nations and they represent a combined population of 250,000,000 people. It is hoped that Germany will be admitted to membership at the meeting of the assembly in 1923. "I earnestly hope that, some way we will find so that the great nation of the U.S. may cooperate with the league."

Sir Robert Borden, former Premier of Canada, and now President of the Society of the League of Nations in Canada, spoke here of the formation, the purposes and the achievements of the league. The meeting formed part of the programme of the (two-day) session of the Executive of the Nations' Council in Ottawa. The purpose of the purposes of the National Council is to strive for the abolition of war, Sir Robert's plea for an advanced political opinion on the subject has the wholehearted approval of the women's organization.

HUSBAND DIDN'T DARE LEAVE HER ALONE HEART WAS SO BAD

Those feelings of sadness, those dizzy spells, the agonizing staking sensations which come on from time to time indicate a weakened condition of the nerves and a disordered state of the nerves.

**MILBURN'S
HEART AND NERVE PILLS**
have been equal to a remedy to strengthen the heart, invigorate the nerves and build up the run down system. Mrs. C. Vanier, 15, St. Boniface, writes:—"About a year ago I had a nervous breakdown. My husband left me alone, and often had to feel kind of faint and my heart would seem to stop beating. I would just faint away, and it would sometimes be an hour before they could get me back to my senses. I told me about Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and took three boxes. I took them and felt much better, so continued all winter, and now I never feel any such faintness. I surely do appreciate the good they have done for me."

Put this box at all drug stores or mail order on receipt of price from The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Bandits Make Haul
DETROIT, Mich.—Five armed bandits held up the cashier of the General City Company on East Forest Avenue took the company's payroll of \$10,728 in cash and escaped in an automobile. The robbery occurred a few minutes after the money had been brought under police protection from a nearby bank.

WESTERN EDITORS



Chas. C. Seagrave, Editor and Proprietor of The Sentinel, Acme, Alberta.

"Cascarets" 10c

Best Bowel Laxative
When Bilious,
Constipated

To clean out your bowels without cramping or overeating, take Cascarets. Sick headache, biliousness, gas, indigestion, sour, upset stomach and all such distress gone by morning. No pain, no effort for grown-ups and children. Use a box. Taste like candy.

B.C. May Deprive Japs Of Fishing Rights

Federal Fisheries Commission Want License to Oriental Reduced

Vancouver—On thousand and forty-two Japanese fishing license-holders and their crews will be deprived of the right to fish in British Columbia waters, if the recommendation of the Federal Fisheries Commission to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries in Ottawa, is accepted. The commission recommended that licenses to orientals be reduced by 40 per cent. This year licenses were issued to 2,600 Japanese.

Farmer Stricken With Glanders
Winipeg—Unique in the annals of the province's medical profession, local doctors have been treating a prominent Manitoba horse-breeder and farmer, Frank Cullen, of Treesham, for glanders. He contracted the disease while attending horses suffering from glanders. Doctors who attended Mr. Cullen, who has been ill in a private hospital here for some time, were unable to diagnose the case in its early stages, but they now express the belief that he will recover. So unique is the case that a clinic was held, and the entire faculty and student body of the Manitoba Medical College were invited to examine the patient.

NOVA SCOTIA CITY PROSTRATED BY STORM

SYDNEY SWEPT BY TERRIFIC WIND AND HEAVY SNOWFALL

Sydney, N.S.—The Sydney are recovering from the overwhelming effects of the worst wind and snowstorm in the history of Cape Breton Island.

Striking early Nov. 21 with a heavy fall of light, sticky snow and coming throughout the day, the storm bowed up telegraph, telephone and power transmission lines to breaking capacity and then after darkness had set in let loose a gale from the north-east.

Without light, power, or interurban communication of any sort the residents of Sydney, Glace Bay, North Sydney and Sydney mines spent the next twenty-four hours endeavoring to extricate themselves from the welter caused by the storm flood.

To add to the complications a great fire broke out and practically destroyed the Elmside Greenwell, Cowell and Dillon buildings, valued with contents at over \$250,000.

New Car Appointed

Paris.—The Supreme Council of Russian Monarchists, representing all that is left of the movement in favor of the return of the Czar to the Russian throne, completed a secret session in Paris, during which Grand Duke Nicholas, formerly Commander-in-Chief of the Russian army, was elected successor to the throne of the late Czar Nicholas.

It was also decided immediately to move the headquarters of the Russian Monarchists from Berlin to Paris.

MOTHER!

Move Child's Bowels with
"California Fig Syrup"



Happy mother! Even a sick child loves the "fruitly" taste of "California Fig Syrup" and it never fails to open the bowels. A teaspoonful today may prevent a sick child tomorrow. If constipated, bilious, nervous, fretful, has cold, colic, or if stomach is sour, tongue coated, breath bad, remember a good cleansing of the little bowels is often all that is necessary.

Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies, children and all ages printed on bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an imitation fig syrup.

Lloyd George Will Lead Party

London—Lloyd George was unanimously elected leader of the National Liberals at the party meeting Nov. 22.

Execution of The Childers Has Startled England

London—The tragedy of Irish Childers has shocked and startled England even more than did the death of Michael Collins. Well-wishers of the Irish Free State, of whom there are many in London, expect the execution of Childers may mean the beginning of a new chapter in the turbulent history of Ireland.

In many quarters today the fear was expressed that this chapter may be described by the word "repulse," and that the republic may be blundered and develop into more intense intestine warfare than that which has gone before. Many people in England were shocked at the news of the execution because they knew Childers; knew him when he bore an honor name as a British soldier, who rendered his country good service in the African war and when he was something of a hero in the British literary world, because he wrote "The Riddle of the Sands," which was hailed not only as a work of great literary merit but also as something of a tract on patriotism.

None of Childers' old friends who were spoken to seemed to know just when and why he underwent the transformation from an ardent British patriot to an Irish revolutionary. His mother was an Irish woman. The Childers family came from a distinguished line. The dead man's father gained fame as an Oriental scholar. Childers' father is an American woman and traces her ancestry back to the United States revolutionary days in the lineage of the Putnam family. She was the heroine of an adventure when Childers, in 1914, as a retort to the Viceroy's landing army in North Ireland, brought a contingent of arms for South Ireland, to the coast, a short distance north of Dublin. Mrs. Childers, who is described as a daring adventuress, is said to have altered the yacht to the coast in the darkness of the night.

The execution of Childers, says the Times, editorially, is justifiable on the ground that there is no difference between his case and that of the four others executed in Dublin.

"The fact that Childers was an Eton scholar," it proceeds, "in no wise affects the issue. However, many Eton scholars may regret that his brilliant talents had not been used to inculcate in Irish extremists the English virtues of compromise in matters of politics. We hold it was his right to throw in his lot with Ireland and exert in behalf of his conception of the Irish people's interests the unusual powers he possessed. So doing, he took his life in his hands, and, with personal courage beyond all of the consequences of his action, he challenged the only constitutional authority in the country and met his doom. The authority had no choice but to accept his challenge or abdicate all title to lawful trusteeship for the welfare of the state. The Free State Government

made their choice with a courage entirely not inferior to that of their adversaries, and with a responsibility far greater. We believe the verdict of the civilized world on their decision will be that it was right."

No Need to Worry

Nothing to Indicate Embargo Will Not Be Lifted This Session

Ottawa—Sexton, Hon. W. R. Mulholland, now any other official of the Department of Agriculture has received any intimation that the legislation for removal of the embargo against Canadian cattle will not be introduced during the present session of the British Parliament, it was stated at the department, in reply to questions based upon a cable report that the bill would not be proceeded with, in order to keep in touch with developments and inform the Government here if there was to be any deviation from the programme laid down during the recent conferences. Thus far no hint has been received either from Mr. Marshall or the High Commissioner's office of the plans of the British Government having been changed in regard to bringing down the bill and providing for removal of the embargo as agreed to.

MURINE You Cannot Buy New Eyes
But you can Protect
Your Eyes. Wear Murine
Night and Morning.
Keep your Eyes Clean, Clear and Healthy.
Murine Eye Lotion. In Every Drug Store.

In every way

Safe, sure, silent.
Lungs, throat, chest, with
coughs, colds, and
flu, in every way.
Dr. Chase's Syrup of
Linseed and Turpentine.

U. F. A. Ask For Federal Inquiry Into Rural Credit System

Calgary—Demands that the Federal Parliament, at the next session, institute a searching public inquiry into the basis, function and control of the financial credit system, and the relation of credit to production and distribution, were embodied in a resolution unanimously endorsed at the annual convention of the East and West Calgary U.F.A.

The resolution further asked that whatever amendments are made to the Canada Bank Act, that act should be left open for further revision, as it was pointed out, the bankers had engaged the most competent legal

advisers to present their case, whereas the farmers practically were unopposed. That the inquiry proposed be held publicly was another demand.

Denunciation of the liquor squad enforcing the Alberta Liquor Act, which was based on irrevocable loan, which demanded that the squad be abolished to make effective.

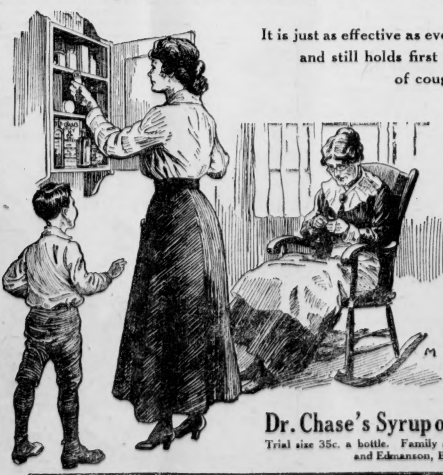
The convention refused to take a stand upon the question to have the Bible read in Alberta schools, although H. W. Wood and several delegates commented favorably on the proposal.

"The plank of democracy is being the fruit of autocracy," said President Wood in an address to the delegates. "You have democratic machinery at the bottom, with autocratic tendencies at the top. The result is a conflict in the U.F.A. movement, for you claim the inalienable right to carry on your own movement, while your elected representatives at the top are forming political machinery."

"This is formed a political party in the end sense, with all its accretions. It will be impossible for this to function, and, inevitably, disunion means failure. This, I believe, is the crux of the whole situation upon which your whole organization depends."

Why Not Give to Your Child The Treatment Your Mother Gave You

It is just as effective as ever in relieving coughs and colds, and still holds first place as the most popular of cough medicines.



Colds and Bronchitis

Mrs. Chris Dresser, Bayfield, Ont., writes: "We have used Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine in our household for some time, and have always received good results. I have used it for my children as well as for myself for colds and bronchitis, and we find it gives immediate relief. Three bottles of this medicine once relieved me of a severe cold when doctor's medicine had failed. I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine, and would not be without it in the house. If you can make any use of this letter you are at liberty to do so."

Asthma

Mr. Thomas Bond, Sheldahl, North Shore, Que., writes:—"I suffered for years with asthma, sometimes being unable to lie in bed, but after a treatment of Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine, I am now quite well and thank this medicine for restoring me."

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine

Trial size 35c. a bottle. Family size, three times as much, 75c. All dealers and Eckmannson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

**MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT**

FOR RHEUMATISM

Limbago, Neuralgia, or any other pain, apply Minard's Liniment. It is the most effective and easily absorbed remedy there is for all such pains.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

W. N. U. 1148

Rural Credit Systems Prove A Factor In Development Of Western Canada Agriculture

In the development of Canada of agriculture, which is the most important industry of the country, the rural credit system has proved itself as a valuable factor in the development of Western Canada agriculture, and it has been found necessary to provide for those engaged in it such facilities for borrowing as will enable them to have their credit requirements satisfied according to their needs. Admission to the Canadian banking system is not considered to be, far from complete, that it was not framed to meet their special and peculiar needs, and to meet these needs all the Provincial Governments have devised systems and put into operation institutions for meeting requirements for rural credit. If we are to judge by the manner these various systems have been taken advantage of and the promotion they have effected in the development of agriculture, rural credit systems in Canada have been a success.

The following briefly describe the various systems adopted in the various provinces, with the amount of money loaned through them, and with some variations they will be found basically the same.

The Rural Credit Act of 1917 makes provision for the organization by farmers of rural credit societies through which they may obtain short-term loans for productive purposes. For commencing business the society must receive subscriptions to its capital stock from at least thirty-five persons actually engaged in farming, the member desiring to obtain application to the secretary, stating the purpose of the loan and submitting a statement of his assets and liabilities. If his application is approved, he is granted a line of credit for one year, and all the personal property acquired through the society is subject to a lien in favor of the society. The rate of interest payable by the borrower must not exceed 7 per cent per annum. In the year 1930, the banks furnished the loans to this extent, but when they decided to raise the interest, the farmers organized establishing the Provincial Savings Bank, which accepts deposits from all sources and pays 4 per cent interest.

Long-term or mortgage credit is provided in Manitoba through an Act passed in the same year, which created the Farm Loan Association to act as a loaning agent between the Government and the farmers. The association is authorized to issue five members. The capital stock is \$1,000,000 divided into 25 shares. Every borrower must subscribe and pay cash for shares to the extent of 5 per cent of the amount of his loan and loans are secured by a first mortgage. Loans must not exceed more than \$10,000, must not exceed 60 per cent of the value of the property mortgaged, and must be used only for agricultural development. Since 1917 more than \$7,000,000 has in this way been loaned to Manitoba farmers.

The province of Saskatchewan has no legislation for short-term credit, but an Act in 1917 provided for long-term credits, which is practically the same as the Manitoba Act. The chief differences are: (1) No maximum is stated for any individual loan. (2) All the money for the loan's progress is provided by the Provincial Treasurer. (3) First mortgages received by the bank are handed over to the Provincial Treasurer as security for the loan. Up to a recent date the Saskatchewan board had completed 1,774 loans for a total amount of \$6,407,450.

In the province of Alberta, under the Livestock Encouragement Act, live or more farmers may form an association and apply to the Government for a loan to be used in purchasing cows and calves, and, if approved, the purchase of a purchased bull, which must not cost more than 10 per cent of the loan. Each member may borrow up to \$500, the amount being borrowed on the credit and several notes of the members guaranteed by the Government. Short-term credits are provided by the Cooperative Credit Act, which is very similar to the Rural Credit Act of Manitoba, the chief difference being that the rate of interest to be paid by the borrower is not a fixed rate but is decided by agreement between the society and the bank as lender. In 1917 the Alberta Farm Loan Act, for long-term credits, was passed, but has not yet gone into operation.

British Columbia Mill Start

The first cotton mill where machinery was used was built at New Isachan, England, in 1761, power being transmitted by two miles walking on an axle.

The Power Of Instinct

Interesting Discovery Has Been Made

As readers of the C.N. know a Danish scientist, Dr. Johannes Schmidt, has for many years past been making a close study of the sea, and trying to solve the mystery of its life-history. In the Dana, a vessel fitted up as a scientific laboratory, he has been dredging in the Atlantic, and has made some extraordinarily interesting discoveries.

The most interesting being that two different kinds of eels breed near the Bermudas, one travelling west to America, and the other east to Europe. The only difference between the two kinds of eels is that one has fewer bones in its backbone than the other. Both species were often taken in the same net.

Why is it, then, that one kind invariably makes its way to European waters, while the other kind goes to America? Why do not the American eels sometimes come to Europe, and the European sometimes go to America?

The answer is that they cannot, and if they tried they would die. In the European eel the larval stage lasts for three years, whereas in the American it occupies only one year. There is therefore a time lag between the two eels. If the European eel, it would itself in mid-Atlantic when it emerged from the larval stage and headed fresh water, being unable to get it the world period.

Similarly if the European eel were to try to reach American waters, it would arrive in fresh water two years before it was ready to leave the larval stage. It would be too fresh by water and would die.

So by that mysterious power of instinct, or heredity, or whatever it may be, the American and European eels, although born together, never take the wrong turning, but always turn east and west according to the species they belong to.

No Accommodation For Gigantic Bomber

British Air Ministry Postpones Construction of Big Airplane

The British Air Ministry are proposing to build a gigantic bomber, but the plane weighing more than twenty tons will be the most destructive weapon in the world.

For some time past rough plans of this machine have been in existence, but up to the present no arrangement has been made for its construction, owing to the fact that aircraft firms have no sheds sufficiently large in which to build the machine. It is probable, however, that this difficulty will be overcome in the near future by arranging for the machine to be built in one of the large ship sheds.

The machine will be able to carry from six to eight tons of bombs, while it is expected that its 3,000 h.p. engines will drive it through the air at a speed of over 100 miles an hour.

Tact Judge—What is your age? Woman Wins—Have I got to tell you? Judge—I have to know how old you are, madam. If you don't want to tell me your age is now tell me what your age was 10 years ago. Woman (pleased)—50, sir. Boston Transcript.

As long ago as when the Romans landed in Britain they found London already a considerable town.



Radio For the North

May Become Important Factor In Development of Northern Regions

While the radio telephone as a sort of popular entertainment is already showing signs of waning, it is a factor of advancing civilization is still receiving the attention of research workers everywhere. And it is in this direction that its benefits will be most felt by mankind, for however much novelty attaches to hearing a voice from one's hand, the experience adds little to life's necessities. But when no other means of communication exists between men in far-off places and the outside world, radio should be a true boon to those who use it.

In this sense it may become an important agent in the development of the northern spaces of Canada. It is in the north—as more and more men come to appreciate that Canada's future lies there. That great region now depends largely on improved means of communication for development. One man says goodbye to steel and turns his face towards the Arctic they plunge into the unknown. This isolation of the north is a matter of fact, for travel in the north retards development.

The radio, at a comparatively small cost, in touch with world events and the centre of civilization. Early this year it was urged on the Government that it should establish a chain of stations along the waterways between Edmonton and Dawson. The Edmonton and Dawson stations are now in operation, but the plan has not been formulated. It says:

The Government contemplates the establishment of a radio link between Smith, Repulse, Stinson, Norman and McPherson, with a sixth station at Dawson. Mr. O. S. Finlay, the administrator of the North-West Territories, who has been in the north during the summer, has come to Ottawa and he is known that he is urging strongly that an appropriation be made in the next estimate for this service. Officials in various branches of the Government work are in a position to understand how much their duties would be facilitated and the growth of the country stimulated by the introduction of wireless. They are supporting Mr. Finlay's recommendation with enthusiasm.

These representations ought to be heeded by those in authority. There are vast spaces in Northern Canada, whose advancement would be accelerated by the introduction of such stations. The practical benefits to be accomplished in keeping men in touch with the outside world are more than commensurate with the expense involved. And the radio would be put to a purpose which no other medium of communication would serve—Ottawa Citizen.

A Civilized Outpost

Argentina Town Has Fine Hospital, Stores and Modern Hotel

On the upper Parana River, which separates Paraguay from Argentina, is a town called Honda. "This," says a traveller, "is the last outpost of civilization on the Alto Parana, face to face with primitive forest, wild Indians, the unpopulated centre of South America, and yet it is reached by a broad gauge railroad, has a fine modern hotel, a post office, three department stores and the best hospital in Northern Argentina." Round about are great date plantations and old Jesuit ruins.



The Valuable Qualities Of Canadian Hard Wheat Now Known The World Over

In many directions it is difficult to drive home the fact that Canadian wheat possesses unique qualities which make it peculiarly desirable for the carrying of the wheat. It is a demand from all sections of the globe. Critics of Canada's climate are slow to be convinced that it is responsible for the high quality of the Canadian product, and that for the same reason its standard is impossible of reproduction in other countries.

The profound scepticism which declared that wheat could never be commercially raised north of the International boundary is largely of complete refutation. In general Canada's wheat seems to rest rather on the volume of her wheat production than on its quality. The public vision widespread regarding arid lands, reads of an unexpected yield of 25,000 bushels of wheat and of the Dominion's ascension to second place among the wheat-producing countries of the globe, and is impressed to such an extent with the vast figures of output that facts of quality are largely overlooked.

Recently a Canadian member resigned from the committee of the British Wheat League in London, protesting against other things that Canada could not, from her own soil, breed sufficiently strong to serve as meals at the exhibition. At precisely the same time American wheat breeders, meeting at the American Wheat League in Chicago, protested American tariff because they knew it was imperative for them to continue their purchases of Canadian wheat to keep up the standard of their American flour, and British millers, rather the best judges of wheat in the world, were quick to point out the faults of the American wheat.

These North American wheat complaints across the Atlantic that American shippers had been tampering with Canadian wheat passing through their hands, and the fact that it was with it the object of passing their product off as the Canadian wheat so desirable to British millers. There is great satisfaction in the fact that in acreage production Canada's outside other countries engaged in grain production is the largest. The fact that Canada's wheat is of such an extensive scale, and that the first crop of the western wheat crop record over 70 per cent as good as the first crop of the eastern wheat. There is a reason why the world's wheat champion ship as far back as 1925, went to a plot of land within the state of the Arctic Circle; why for ten years successively the world's first wheat honor went to various sections of Western Canada; why for the world's competition in 1921 Canada secured twenty-two of the twenty-five prizes offered for wheat. Of the Canadian climate and Canadian soil which in conjunction could have produced a Super Wheeler, to capture the world's wheat champion ship, and create a world's production record with eighty-two bushels to the acre.

Main wheat discovered and cultivated within the last two thousand years, a single species which can rival maize, rice, the sweet potato, the corn, the bread wheat, the clover, the millet, cereals, sorghums, the banana or soy. These date from three, four or five thousand years, perhaps even in some cases six thousand years. The progress of the future, therefore, in its line, will be the introduction of food-plants from foreign lands and the education of the food-conscious public to the use of the new foods thus made available—American Journal of Pharmacy.

There can be no doubt but that Canada's wheat is peculiarly adapted to the carrying of the wheat. It is a demand from all sections of the globe. Critics of Canada's climate are slow to be convinced that it is responsible for the high quality of the Canadian product, and that for the same reason its standard is impossible of reproduction in other countries.

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had the soil analyzed and treated, and as a final measure imported wheat from Canada. This fall he added a further triumph to his successful career by carrying off the first wheat prize at the Normandy agricultural fair. It was an achievement for Canadian wheat probably typical of many other countries.

The Victory In Decay

Saving of Admiral Nelson's Flagship Is a National Duty

The appeal that is made to save from destruction Nelson's renowned flagship, the Victory, now lying half-rotten at Portsmouth, will go straight to the heart of English people. They will remember that Nelson died on board that ship with thanks to God on his lips that he had done his duty. Barely has the call of duty been louder than it is today.

Nelson boister his flag on the Victory on May 18, 1805. Slumped over the most illustrious aspects of his life were then behind him and also some of his darkest gloom, but his weaknesses were human, and he had won the love of his countrymen. They had cheered him before. Now, he said, they were to be his last. He was of Totham with inferior force—a most remarkable and arduous service—it is not to the purpose to write here. What were his wishes and he had followed them to the West Indies, where were his plans, and how finally he met and utterly defeated them on October 1, 1805. It is all the records and histories.

To save the Victory is therefore essential. She has remained in commission on the stocks at Portsmouth, and may still fly the flag. But half of her timbers are rotten. The admiralty will prevent her from being in the dock, but the public must do the rest. There is no intention now of restoring her as it formerly was. This would be too costly. What is to be done is to bring back the ship as far as may be to her appearance in Nelson's days. The decks will be cleared and all restored, the masts and yards will be built and hung as they were, new timber will replace that of 1805. The recovered stern will be rebuilt, and the ship will be repainted in the Trafalgar manner. For this purpose the Admiralty will be required. The Society for Naval Research has been authorized by the admiralty to raise a fund and make all plans for the restoration. —By John Leyland, Manchester Guardian.

Old Foods Are Best

Nothing Can Rival Productions of Thousands of Years Ago

Main wheat discovered and cultivated within the last two thousand years, a single species which can rival maize, rice, the sweet potato, the corn, the bread wheat, the clover, the millet, cereals, sorghums, the banana or soy. These date from three, four or five thousand years, perhaps even in some cases six thousand years. The progress of the future, therefore, in its line, will be the introduction of food-plants from foreign lands and the education of the food-conscious public to the use of the new foods thus made available—American Journal of Pharmacy.

Surplus Populations

In Haiti, where the people are partly all black, there are now three births to one death. Americans have taught them sanitary methods and have prevented their murdering each other in revolution. The population is five times what it was when Haiti revolted against France. By and by it will overflow, then will come another problem. If the white man's science produces the same comparative birth rate in China, India and other countries, what will be the answer to the fearful abuse problem?—Detroit Times.

A Special Occasion

Tramp—Lady, have you a piece of cake? No, some ice cream for a poor fellow's son's had a bite for two days.

Mrs. Housekeeper—Cake and ice cream, indeed? I'll bread good enough for you!

Tramp—Ordinarily, yes, mum; but this is my birthday.—Boston Transcript.

You might call a man a rollin' stone, but don't insinuate that he isn't on the level.

No soil will long remain fertile unless man uses a fair proportion of clay in his composition.

SAMENESS

By Christopher G. Hazard

History is now revealing like a hawk, cutting down a good many gaudy posts, malingering for their new paths on the swiftly moving screen of time novel ideas, great events, strange figures, pass in rapid succession. Among the multitudes that through the present world standards are everywhere quitted that contradict the wisdom and the morality of the past. A fist is shaken in the face of every authority. Each day witnesses the overthrow of a throne, the downfall of a government. There is the noise of an old break up, there is the confusion of Babel. A new relation is born every twenty-four hours and buried a few days after. All sorts of quacks parade in the professions. Every thing is cleverly contrived. We are supposed to be entering upon a new world, wherein science will start all over again in things social, political, religious, commercial and artistic.

But we do not observe any changes in the natural world. Rain, moon and stars appear to be unaware of our feverishness. The seasons come around as usual. Rivers flow and oceans surge as of old. Mountains illustrate steadfast faithfulness. The laws of physics and chemistry have not been revised, though they are better understood. Prosperity is still based upon knowledge and hard work. Crops continue to reward assiduous labor.

We do not discover any change in human nature. It is more developed in the processes of time, but it grows wiser and the good grows better, but there are no new elements in the human constitution. People are still unwilling to learn from experience or any other teacher. They make the same old mistakes, prepare new wars upon old battlements, slay their common sense, when they get it at all. It is, essentially, the same old world, however much invention and science have increased its conveniences and comforts.

The ten commandments have not changed. They have been written on mountains upon which God gave them and as the natural law that holds that mountain in its place. As Lowell said, "The ten commandments are not budget." Time and its fluctuations have no effect upon them. It will always be right to tell the truth, to be just, to love one's neighbor, to be honest, to be reverent, to be pure. It is everlasting right. Respect for life, for truth, for the rights of neighbors, for the names of God, for true morality, for holy times, for the authorities of life, are as fixed in the nature of things as our physical constitutions are.

God has not changed. Progressively revealed to men, He is set forth fully in Jesus Christ, His, from everlasting to everlasting. Is God, manifested to us in that Saviour of the world who is the same, yesterday and today, and forever.

So that there are no essential changes in Christ, His, in true religion. Repentance towards God and faith in our Lord Jesus Christ are the gates to eternal life. All who are led by the Spirit of God are the sons of God, proving it by their characters and works. The way of salvation is as it always has been.

It is rather regrettable that about sameness just now. We think of the monotony of change, of the settledness of existence, of the peace and settlement of endless reformation. What is the use of so much debate and strife? Some things are forever settled. The principles of good and evil, of temporal and eternal prosperity, are settled. True progress lies only in their development. Wherever expresses virtue and deserves praise is good to think about and practice. Things true, honest, just, pure, lovely, of good report, are worth having and doing. They always will be. The things of the upper realm, the currency of heaven. Who lays up such treasure for himself is rich indeed. No such change can destroy the brightness of his record, no rust of earth's corrosion can dim the glory of his character, no other can rob him of his crown and his treasure. He will follow his heart to heaven.

On Kind

After asking the usual questions about the health of the family, the visiting priest, an Irish parson, began to question the little girls about her work at school. "Now tell me, what was a lake?" he asked. "The child knitted her brow, then said eagerly: 'Lake, by reverence, it's a kettle with a hole in it.'"—Hartford Times.

Scientists now declare that comets carry life disease germs. They fear that if it is possible for these germs to travel to earth from other worlds—in the tails of comets.

Wintering Steers in Saskatchewan

One of the Attractive Sidelines for Any Farmer

The Superintendent of the Dominion Experimental Station at Scott, Saskatchewan, Mr. M. J. Timlin, has recently prepared a pamphlet on "Wintering Steers for Market in Northern Saskatchewan." It starts by giving seven reasons why steer feeding should be made a business in that section of the country. Briefly these are: 1. That the winter months are close to a main source of supply of good feeder steers; 2. That winter employment would be provided for surplus labor; 3. That it can be made profitable if the operator knows his business; 4. That finishing steers will increase the amount of manure that can be returned to the land that it will diversify the farm crops and make possible the introduction of suitable crop rotations; 5. That it followed up by a large number of farmers the standing of farming will be raised; 6. That finishing steers for market is one of the attractive sidelines that any farmer can introduce into grain farming in Northwestern Saskatchewan.

The author then proceeds to show by means of figures that half a dozen years' experience conducted at the station have produced a profit of \$16.17 per steer for 121 animals fed, the conclusion being that farmers would be well advised to winter their steers during the winter months at low prices.

A table follows showing that in five years the average spread of prices at the station between autumn and spring was \$2.18 in steers purchased for the winter.

An experiment in wintering, proved that extensive buildings for wintering were not necessary, and that if the steers are protected from the wind and snowstorms sufficient protection for economical gain is provided. It is better to feed oats, alfalfa and barley make up the main part of the grain ration fed in Northwestern Saskatchewan. Standard screenings should be used for grain given out at the Scott Station when mixed with oats fed. Return values from oats fed to calves were given in the pamphlet, which is numbered 17, and can be had free on application to the station or the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Details follow of experiments in fattening calves with sawdust silage in addition to the regular feed. Steers have been found more uniformly finished in this way than when fed on grain only, but the latter produced good butins, and an increase in both weight and price is needed to make silage feeding profitable. Other experiments have shown that with yearlings versus two-year-old steers as feeders, and those related to gains made by steers purchased from local sources and then purchased, the former proved the most profitable.

The Vogue of the Bandit

Lack the Courage to Make an Honest Living

Autumn has begun the season of the "lone bandit," who pokes a gun in the faces of the clerks in a store and the "bold bandit," who robs the contents of the till, and the "bold bandit," who robs the doors of bank vaults and infringes the copyrights of fine crimes.

There is a broadening of the stories of these crimes which fire the imagination and has the tendency to encourage the lawless. As seen through the newspaper, reports the criminals take on almost heroic proportions. As seen later in the jailhouse's door or wearing the stripes of the penitentiary there is not a semblance of the hero in their makeup. Then they appear as they really are—low-browed, ignorant and brutal men who abhor work and who are prepared to risk the loss of their liberty rather than face an honest day's toil. The courage required to work unarmored clerks is a negligible quantity as compared with the bravery needed to face the risk of making an honest living.—Toronto Telegram.

Vienna Waxes Relics Restored

Princess Exhibit Sent to France Before War

In 1914 the Imperial City of Vienna sent to Lyons fair a precious exhibit of relics of the Franco-Austrian period of Napoleon's time. They included the remains of the emperors of Austria and of Mary Louisa, and other articles of great historical interest. The war came, and the collection was sent to France. The Mayor of Vienna has petitioned the French Minister to restore it to the city. It is understood these relics are now in the hands of the French Liquidator of alien enemy property.

At Portobello, Panama, in 1905, in a cloudburst, rain fell at the rate of 30 inches an hour.

The Yukon river has 24 outlets each more than 200 yards wide, besides numerous smaller channels.

An Afternoon Frock That Would Fill the Heart of Any Miss With Joy.



When a French vogue in dress is headed in a day design it becomes a charming afternoon frock. The wearer of a dainty dress like this may well be proud. And when such a dress is worn with a hat of rose straw, with clusters of frontal grapes.

Bird Fancier Tries

Strange Experiment

Man in Bremen Teaching Canaries to Sing

After ten years of experiments, a Bremen bird fancier has succeeded in producing canaries with a nightingale's trill. He has named the birds "Nightingales" and has been successful in teaching them to sing at night.

The breeder's chief difficulty was at first found in the fact that normally nightingales sing only during the hours of twilight. To overcome this, the breeder required a longer uninterrupted period of instruction for the canaries. He was finally successful in changing the nocturnal or twilight period of certain nightingales so that some sang from May to July, others from June to August, and still others from August to October.

Using these birds he kept newly-hatched canaries continually with hearing of their warbling. Several generations of breeding showed that birds reared from the original students instinctively possessed the nightingale's trill, and that "instructors" could be dispensed with for the offspring except for "polishing off" their singing.

Judge Was Anxious

Shaved By Man He Had Sentenced to Life Imprisonment

Life situations are often too impossible for fiction. A New York judge said a recent day's trial was a dinner engagement and remained longer than he intended. He asked the warden to let him go to the station where he could be shaved while awaiting his trial. The warden suggested the prisoner shave in the jailhouse. He was very capable, he added. The jurist settled himself in the chair. A prisoner came in and began stropping the razor. He looked at the judge and they recognized each other instantly. The judge had sentenced the prisoner to life imprisonment. "It was never so difficult to get through a shave in my life," said the judge. "Is it any wonder I told him 'once over, please'?"—New York Correspondent.

An Unusual Friendship

All other birds are distrustful of the crow and the jay and give them a wide berth, but recently a Philadelphia observer of birdlife saw a crow and a pigeon picking on the lawn of Fairmount Park together, evidently enjoying each other's society.

The earliest life insurance policy, of which anything definite is known was issued in London in 1683 on the life of William Gybbon.

Going Into Unexplored Area of New Guinea

Two Young Australians Are Undertaking Dangerous Trip

A pigmy race with tails. The missing link. Man-eating harpies. Great white-collared cities built long ago by a race of supermen.

These are some of the wonders which two young Australians are going to seek in the wilds of New Guinea, the last great unexplored region on the earth's surface.

They are Lucius O. Connolly and Neal McNeal, who have gone together on expeditions ever since childhood. Last autumn, they presented the dangers of their latest exploit.

In an interview Connolly told of their plans. "Persons realize," he said, "that New Guinea is the largest island in the world outside Australia. And it is the one about which least is known."

The interior has never been explored. It is thought that there are 15,000 tribes as high as any in the world. Savage tribes within close proximity of the coast have various legends handed down from father to son for many generations about the wonders of the island—about the pigmies with tails, the savage giant harpies and the city built in marble.

"But clearing up these points will only be the more romantic side of the expedition," he said. "There is a very practical side. Half the island belongs to the Dutch. The other half to Australia. The centre portion, 600 miles from coast to coast, has never been touched. That is where we want to go."

"We proposed to map it, to study its plant and animal life, to learn as much as we can about the people, to locate gold and silver and precious stones, to find out the kinds of things that can be profitably mined, so as to add to the world's riches."

"Once we start away from the coast, we expect to be gone for two years, and a half, keeping in touch with the outside world by a wireless outfit we will carry."

The dangers of the trip are not to be discounted. But they will make the trip interesting. Many of these people are head hunters and eaters of "long pig"—in other words, cannibals. There are forests in which huge pythons lurk; rivers, creeks, swamps and swamps in which crocodiles swim, and the malaria mosquito.

"We will go in our own ship to some point in the northern coast where we will establish our main base. There will be about eight men in this party. They will come in to the water the main expedition in charge of McNeal and myself will set forth. We will have some of the native police force—perhaps about 150 of them—to form our guard against savage tribes."—By William Browner.

Needed More Light

Fire Chief Could Not See What Was Doing

It was a sleepy village, and its fire company was anything but up-to-date.

One night a fire was announced by the violent ringing of the alarm bell, and the sleepy firefighters arrived at the scene of action to find the building on fire. In cutting black smoke, no flames were visible from the outside.

The captain of the company made a careful survey and then calmly lit his pipe.

"We'd better leave it alone and let it burn up a bit," he said, "then we'll be able to see what we are doing."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The E. F. Ranch

Alberta-Bred Scottish Shortbreds

Alberta-Bred Scottish Shortbreds stock from the Prince of Wales ranch at High River commanded top prices in the market. Shortbreds are a variety. One bull sold for \$610, another for \$675, and the average for eight animals offered was \$494. Though he has owned and operated his ranch for three years these constituted the first commercial sales. In the early part of the season the ranch was offered for sale from the E. F. ranch. Next spring the Prince, who keeps in close touch with affairs through his manager, is supplementing the ranch stock with more Shortbreds and Dartmoor ponies.

Urgent Reason. "Listen, my dear, why are you leaving so early?" Little girl: "I'm awfully sorry, but we have to go to mother's party." We want to get there before the ice cream's all gone.—Life.

Well, an insignificant village near Rome, was once the Eternal City's most formidable rival.

In British India 62 million people follow agriculture.

Profit In Poultry

Figures Show that Money Can Be Made from Poultry Properly

Very interesting are the contents of the report for 1921 of the Poultry Division of the Dominion Experimental Station, Ottawa, which gives a clear direction relative to the raising and keeping of poultry are chronicled with particular attention to the cost of the various articles sold out. From figures compiled from monthly reports received by the Poultry Division, we learn that other things that the average number of hens per farm in British Columbia is 105.2, in Quebec 56, in the Prairie Provinces 60.2, in the Maritime Provinces 25.4, and in Ontario 25.7, and in the Dominion as a whole 61.1. The relative cost of keep last year is given as follows: Quebec, \$2.31 per hundred pounds; Maritime Provinces, \$2.17; Ontario, \$1.91; Prairie Provinces, \$2.43; and British Columbia, \$2.88. The highest price, during the year received for eggs was at Smithers, British Columbia, namely, \$1.50 per dozen. From further evidence supplied by farmers in the division, it is gathered that the average price received for eggs for the year was in Quebec 34 cents, in the Maritime Provinces 54 cents, in Ontario 63 cents, in the Prairie Provinces 63 cents, and in British Columbia 63 cents. After pointing out that, based on these average prices, it would take a farmer 100 eggs to pay for the feed for one hen in a year, and that a very moderate profit could be made on the sale of one million Poultry Husbandry is led to say, "With this direct evidence gathered from the farmers' own reports it seems that one may profit with confidence to the poultry flock as being surely one of the most profitable branches of farm work."

A card addressed to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, will secure a copy.

Why Car Picks

Up On Paved Road

Vegetation Grows Off Oxygen Increasing Speed of Motor

Motor cars of all kinds have long been known to gather speed in some places and to lose it in others. The cause has long been explained, but it is now laid, both by automotive engineers and road builders, to be due to the abnormal profusion of vegetation usually to be found along these "mystery roads."

Trees and plants cause oxygen. Motors run more smoothly when there is a good supply of oxygen in the air, as motorists are well aware. The increased amount of oxygen diffused in the localities where the vegetation is dense, equipped with the "picking up" of the motor and the increased speed.

Scientists recently conducted experiments in these localities, and along roads bordered by heavy vegetation, and these experiments demonstrated that complete artificiality in the behavior of the car was due to the increased amount of oxygen in the air.

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The Review

CHAS. AVERY, PROP.
Publishing Office, Bow Island, Alta.

Subscription Rates
Canada \$2.00 a year
United States \$2.50 a year

Advertising Rates
All Advertisements and Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

Legal notices, 15c. per line first insertion, 10c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths will be charged for at the rate of 5c. per insertion.

All Extra or Impounded Horses or Stock Advertisements are extra.

Rates on application
Cards of Thanks \$1.00. Local Advertisements, 13c. per line first insertion, 8c. per line each following insertion.

No advertisement less than 75c. Announcements of entertainments, etc., conducted by churches, societies, etc., where admission is charged at half price.

Classified ads., such as "Wanted," "For Sale" etc. 7c. first insertion and \$1.30 for two insertions, the third week free.

Dr. J. ZIMMERMAN

DENTAL SURGEON

Specializing in

Crown, Bridge and Plate Work

Office: Taber Drug Building

Taber, Alta.

Appointments arranged

between trains

Auction Sales

Anyone wishing to have Mr. D. M. Garrison the Auctioneer to conduct their sales, can leave the date of the Sale at the Review Office.

Bow Island, Alta.

Auction Sales

Anyone wishing to have Mr. James Larson the Auctioneer to conduct their sales, can leave the date of the Sale at the Review Office.

Bow Island, Alta.

Grain Prices

Local prices for grain here at Bow Island on Thursday 14th. December are as follows:
Wheat No. 1 Northern 84c. per bushel
Oats 20c. W. 36c. per bushel
Rye 81c. per bushel
Barley 41c. per bushel

Burdett Church Notices

THE UNITED CHURCH, BURDETT

REV. PERCY JOHNSON, Pastor

Sunday School 11 a.m.

Preaching Service 7.30 p.m.

Thursday Ladies Aid 2.30 p.m.

Sabbath Class 9 p.m.

Dynamo Camp 7.30 p.m.

Friday Snowdrop Girls 7 p.m.

BALLMAN SCHOOL

Sunday School every Sunday morning

PREACHING SERVICE the first and

third Sunday of each month at 11 a.m.

CARNAGIE SCHOOL

Sunday School every Sunday morning

PREACHING SERVICE the first and

third Sunday of each month at 3 p.m.

MORNING STAR SCHOOL

Sunday School every Sunday morning

PREACHING SERVICE the second and

fourth Sunday of each month at 11 a.m.

BROWNDALE SCHOOL

Sunday School every Sunday afternoon

at 2 p.m.

PREACHING SERVICE the second and

fourth Sunday of each month at 3 p.m.

The above services are arranged for

Public Worship to which a hearty

welcome is extended to all persons,

to attend

Percy Johnson, Pastor

L.D.S. CHURCH

Job Llewellyn, Bishop

Sunday School every Sunday at 11 a.m.

Sacrament Service 2 p.m.

Mutual Improvement 7.30 p.m.

Hell Society Tuesday 2 p.m.

Primary Saturday 2 p.m.

Choir Practice Thursday 3 p.m.

The Weather

December 1922

Temperatures taken in the morning

about 8 o'clock.

Friday 8th. 12 above Sunny

Saturday 9th. 9 below Dull

Sunday 10th. 12 below Snowing

Monday 11th. 20 " Little Snow

Tuesday 12th. 10 " Little Snow

Wednesday 13th. 30 " Sunny

Thursday 14th. 20 " Sunny

Pay up Your Arrears Now

only 15 more days to get the

50 Cent Coupons

Offer closes on 30th. Decem-

ber 1922, send now to the

Review, Bow Island

Burdett News

From our own Correspondent

SAVING MONEY

"Saving Money" is "Money Earned." The Review saves you 50 cents on every \$2.00 You Pay In Now—for Subscriptions this offer closes on 30th. December 1922

Mr. Joel Peterson of Wetaskiwin, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. N.H. Strom for the holidays.

Last week Mr. J.B. Otre and Mr. Jesse Jackson left home in a car to go southwest, hunting geese, and were to be home the same evening, but the anxiety looked for did not return and the next day passed and they had not returned, on the third day Mrs. Otre being alone could stand it no longer and set the telephone working to try and locate them as she was imagining all sorts of things about them was ready to send out search parties, but they were finally located at Doc. Leahy's south of Grassy Lake laid up with car trouble, man like, being quite comfortable themselves they never thought anyone would worry and failed to phone home, however they arrived home safely and what might have been a tragedy, turned out to be nothing at all. "All is well that ends well"

Mrs. Powell of Iron Springs who has been visiting her daughters, Mrs. Geo. Lomas and Mrs. C.T. McKinnon has returned to her home and will proceed from there to Vancouver, B.C. where she will spend Xmas with another daughter.

Mr. Johnston at the telephone office will have some pie plates left from the chicken supper, will the owners please call and get them.

Mr. Adolph Faust and Mr. Barney Burns left last Tuesday for Rockford, Ill. where they will spend the winter.

Municipal Elections for the Village of Burdett took place last Monday. Mr. W.D. Anderson, Mr. Geo. Lomas, Mr. A. Abbott, being returned.

NOTICE

The Review's 50 cent Coupon Offer ends in 15 Days time on 30th. December 1922

Mr. Geo. Gregg's House Burned Down

Mr. Geo. Gregg, who lives south west of the village, was unfortunate in losing his house and contents by fire, last week, working at midnight, choking with smoke was just able to get out and get his dog out, his two passies, of whom he was very fond, perished in the flames. A defective stove pipe might have been the cause. The sympathy of the neighbors is extended as we all feel it is no joke to be turned out of your home at midnight and the temperature at 30 below.

The Review tenders its sincere sympathy to you Mr. Gregg

Mr. Geo. Lomas wishes to announce that if there are any families in the vicinity of Burdett or Bow Island who are unable to procure meat for their Christmas dinner, that if they will apply to the Women's Institute, Red Cross or I.S.A.S. and procure an order he will fill the orders gratis.

This kind offer can be taken advantage of only through the above named societies.

The Review notes that this 2nd. Year that Mr. Lomas has donated the Christmas Beef to the poor and needy.

So the Review says the same as it did last year. Bravo George!

"Merry fallish like the dew from Heaven—Enriching him who gives and he who receives"

Let us open wide the Merry doors of our Hearts—Let each one give according to their means

Let us not shut our ears to the cry of the poor

"You will be a 'buyer' if you see our Fine Assortment of Personal Greeting Christmas Cards—So Reasonable in Price

So Good in Quality

At the Review Office

Bow Island

Pompeian Toilet Articles

Fragrant Talcum Beauty Powder, Night and Day Creams

The Skin soon responds to this treatment

E. M. JOHNSTON

BURDETT

ALBERTA

Kitchen Range For Sale

A Good Kitchen Range for Sale, with Grates for either Coal or Wood. Solid iron Top, Large Oven with Thermometer. It is an A. I. baker.

Apply Review Office

Bow Island

United Church

Sunday Services December 17th.

11 a.m. Preaching at Haig

8 p.m. Preaching at Lansell

7.30 p.m. Preaching at Bow Island

Sunday School Session each Sunday

11 a.m. at Bow Island and Haig

3 p.m. at Fairlight

Sunday December 24th.

2 p.m. Preaching at Lansell

3.30 p.m. Preaching at Fairlight

7.30 p.m. Preaching at Bow Island

Everybody is welcome at these meetings

C.G. Hocking, Pastor

CHIROPRACTIC

(Spinal Adjustments)

graduated by the cause of disease.

It is a strictly drugless and non-surgical method. Acute and Chronic ailments both yield to it. It proves very beneficial in Nervous troubles, Headaches, Fevers, Skin Eruptions, Asthma, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Constipation, Appendicitis, Gall Stones, Gout, Female complaints etc., and in diseases of the internal organs such as Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Spleen, Kidneys etc.

Take Chiropractic Adjustments and be Healthy and therefore Happy

GORDON P. SOUCH D.C. Ph.C.

3 year graduate of the Palmer School of Chiropractic

Hull Block—Medicine Hat, Alberta

Taxing the Capitalists

One cannot wonder that the People as represented by the Labor Party in England should demand a heavy Tax on the huge Incomes of the Capitalists. In England, when one reads of the vast and often ruthless means used by the Capitalist to obtain vast Wealth, one can now see that it is not in England only that the people are outed out of their "Rights."

Mr. Mellor the Secretary of the Treasury in the United States, has a Daily Income of Fifty Thousand Dollars a Day and the Rockefeller family has One Million Dollars a Day (\$1,000,000 a day)

We ask, is it really possible for a man to really Earn such Incomes?

The people answer "No!"

Then where do these Incomes come from?

The answer is "the people"

And will the people remain quiet all the time?

The answer is "No!"

Notice

Will Storekeepers having any of our Coupons which they have taken in for Trade—please send them in to the "Review Office" at any time and get the Cash for them from us

Bow Island Review

Bow Island, Alta.

Only 15 Days more to Save 50 cents on Every \$ 2.00 You Pay In for Subscriptions to the "Review"
A 50 cent Coupon given on Every \$2.00 Save Money by Paying In Before 30th. December 1922

Advertising That Pulls

An advertisement appeared in a number of New York newspapers Monday. Women's coats, suits and dresses were the offering. At 7.30 o'clock Tuesday morning the policeman on duty was compelled to telephone for help in handling the crowd that was gathering in Union Square; at noon 50 policemen were doing what they could to keep order among the 5,000 women that were storming the entrance of S. Klein's already overcrowded store. The same conditions prevailed throughout the day.

We do not know anything about the values S. Klein was offering his customers but we do know that his copy pulled and demonstrated what

every student of advertising knows, namely, that newspaper advertising is read more carefully today than ever before and that the direct results from each advertisement are up to the advertiser and not the newspaper.

The newspaper proves its power to create business every time the advertiser gives it an opportunity—it has the reader's interest and the only thing needed is the right message

Farmers—Attention!

To prevent Winter Killing of Winter Rye you should cover it with a light straw mulch

Mother Keeps

30-year Old Son Strapped to Bed 4 years

CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—Strapped to a bed and lashed hand and foot, for four years by his mother who did not want to lose him, James Kozney, 33, was rescued by the police, who broke into the mystery house and found him in an unspeakably filthy, dark cold room.

When his bonds were cut Kozney was unable to move. Four years of inaction made him helpless, and a mental wreck. Before they could cut

him loose, two detectives had to subdue his mother who fought like a tiger.

The mother said her son had been twice in the asylum for the insane at Danbury. She talked confidently of relatives "who are trying to spirit him away" in order to get possession of money she claims was left him.

Council may help Skating Rink

Mr. F. Henderson interviewed the town council last Friday night as representative from the School Board to see if the Council would give a cut in the price of gas for the school. The Council decided not to do so.

Mr. Henderson also interviewed the Council on behalf of the Rink as to lights and possibly some pipe. The Council considered this favorably and said they would do what they

Regulations for the Bow Island Skating Rink

At a meeting of the Directors of the Curling Association on Wednesday evening the following schedule was accepted.

- General Skating, Afternoons:
4 to 6 p.m. on Monday, Wednesday, Friday, Saturday
5 to 8 p.m. on Tuesday and Thursday
Evenings:
7 to 10 p.m. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday
8.30 to 10 p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday
- Hockey by arrangement with the committee on other hours
- Children under thirteen years not to be on the ice after 6.30 p.m.
- Skating Season Tickets to be issued for the evenings. Afternoons Free
For those 18 years and over \$1.50
For those under 18 years \$1.00
For family tickets \$2.00
- Single admission, 10c. and 15c.
- There must be no unbecoming conduct or destruction of property. The Caretaker is instructed to suspend from the privilege of the Rink all who do not behave themselves

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